

8th Replenishment

IFAD's approach to sustainability

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Sustainability is:

- defined by OECD as the continuation of benefits from a development intervention
- about products or outcomes, not project inputs/staff
- a forward-looking concept, based on ex-ante assessment
- identified as a key objective of IFAD's operations – one of the six principles of engagement

IFAD's performance on sustainability

Reported by:

- IEE: 40% of projects with satisfactory performance

- ARRI: 53% of the projects

- PPR: 63% of the projects

- Overall, performance is improving
- Substantial progress need to be made to achieve the 80% target set for 2010
- This challenge is shared by other IFIs:
 - World Bank 45% during 1996-2000 and 73% during 2001-2005
 - African Development Bank overall 69%, lower for agricultural projects



Factors associated with IFAD's sustainability performance

Achieving sustainability is difficult in the context in which IFAD works:

- IFAD works mostly in in remote areas of poor countries, characterised by weak institutions, gaps in infrastructure, lack of market access, and limited income-generating opportunities
- ARRI 2007: high risks, emphasis on innovations, and absence of enabling factors
- PPR 2007: chances of project falling into 'project at risk' category doubled in a weakly performing country

Factors related to internal processes:

- overly ambitious design reduces project effectiveness and the benefit that can be sustained
- inadequate risk analyses
- Inadequate implementation period
- lack of clearly spelt-out sustainability strategies



IFAD's approach to sustainability

Builds upon two pillars:

- Actions specifically targeted to enhance sustainability under the new operating model
- Changes that have been introduced in the project cycle processes

Actions specifically targeted to enhance sustainability under the new operating model

- Improve overall development effectiveness
- Enhance national commitment and ownership
- Design for sustainability address sustainability from the outset and reduce design ambitions
- Strengthen implementation support using direct supervision and country presence
- Build institutions, especially at the grassroots
- Gradually move away from time-bound organisations to permanent mainstream institutions as implementing partners

Actions specifically targeted to enhance sustainability under the new operating model cont.

- Provide longer implementation period, when required
- Analyse risks comprehensively, especially when trade-off with sustainability is involved
- Engage private sector
- Engage in policy dialogue and partnership-building
- Recognise climate change as a threat multiplier to the livelihoods of the poor; assist rural poor to <u>adapt</u> and make behavioural adjustments, and when feasible, also to <u>mitigate</u> the effects

Promoting sustainability throughout the project cycle

- IFAD's Action Plan and related change management initiatives enhance development effectiveness and thereby sustainability
- Key elements of the new operating model in enhancing sustainability:
 - COSOPS: joint ownership, stronger partnerships, enhanced policy dialogue
 - **Project design:** a collaborative exercise, with emphasis on setting realistic goals and developing clearly spelt-out sustainability strategy
 - Quality review and assurance processes: one of 6 key success factors is about risks and sustainability
 - Supervision/ portfolio review: sustainability is a key assessment area
 - Effective M& E: for early detection of risks
 - **Project completion process:** emphasises post-project arrangements for reducing sustainability risks



Results framework

- IFAD measures sustainability at entry, during implementation and at completion
- Using '% of projects rated moderately satisfactory or better for sustainability of benefits' as the indicator
- Indicative baseline figures and the targets are as under:

Point of Measurement	Baseline	Target for 2010
At entry	61% in 2007-08	90%
During implementation (annually)	77% in 2006	80%
At completion	63% in 2006	80%

- Target for sustainability for 2012 will be presented to the Executive Board in September 2009.
- Performance on sustainability will be assessed internally during portfolio performance reviews and presented to the Executive Board annually through RIDE/PPR.



Issues for guidance by Consultation

Guidance sought on the approaches proposed for:

- improving performance on sustainability
- defining and reporting on sustainability targets for the 8th Replenishment period

Thank you for your attention.

