#### IFAD11 FIDA11

#### 2017 Annual Report on Results and Impact of IFAD Operations (ARRI)

Consultation on the Eleventh Replenishment of IFAD's resources: third session

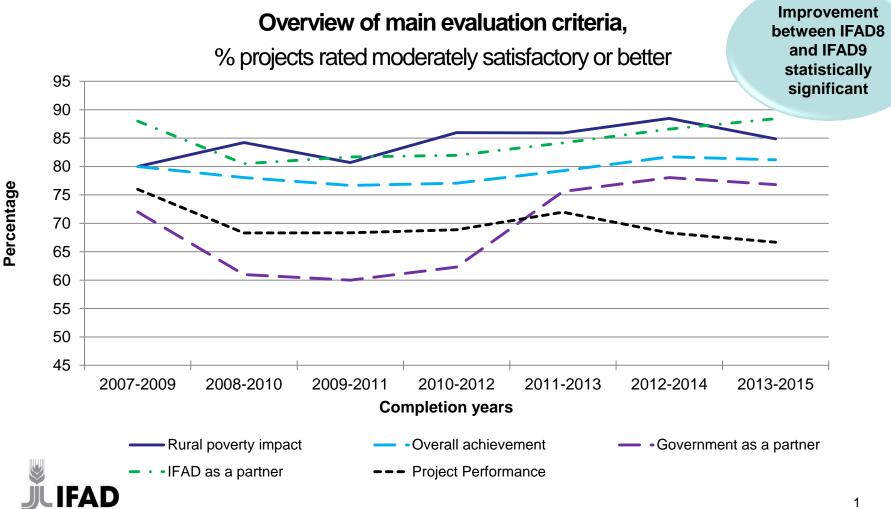
19-20 October 2017

**Oscar A. Garcia** 

Director, Independent Office of Evaluation of IFAD



# Overall, improved performance of IFAD operations from 2009



IFAD

FIDA11

Investing in rural people

# IFAD project performance on par and better than other IFIs

External benchmarking with agricultural portfolio of other IFIs

| Percentage of projects with performance rated MS + |                                       |                         |
|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Global   | IFAD<br>2002-2015<br>75               | WB<br>2002-2015<br>76   |
| Asia   | IFAD Asia<br>2002-2015<br>88          | AsDB<br>2002-2014<br>65 |
| Africa   | <i>IFAD Africa</i><br>2002-2015<br>68 | AfDB<br>2002-2013<br>44 |



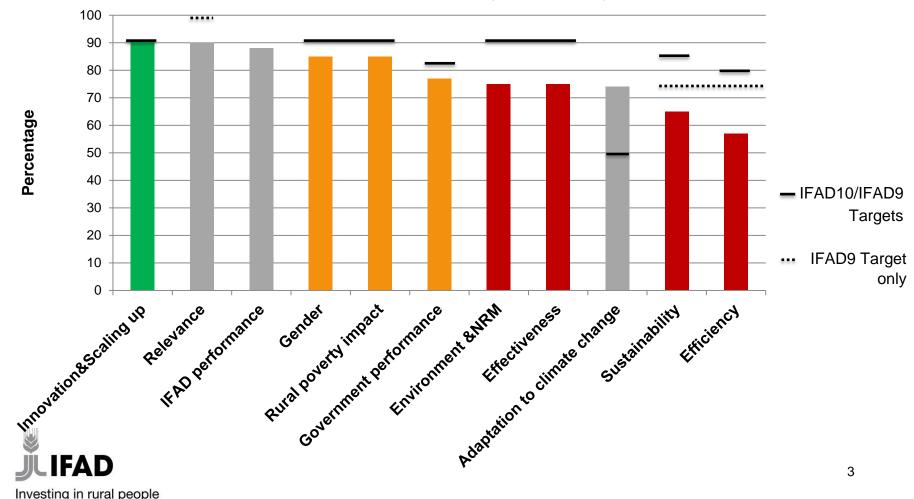
FIDA

### Most criteria are below IFAD9 and IFAD10 RMF targets



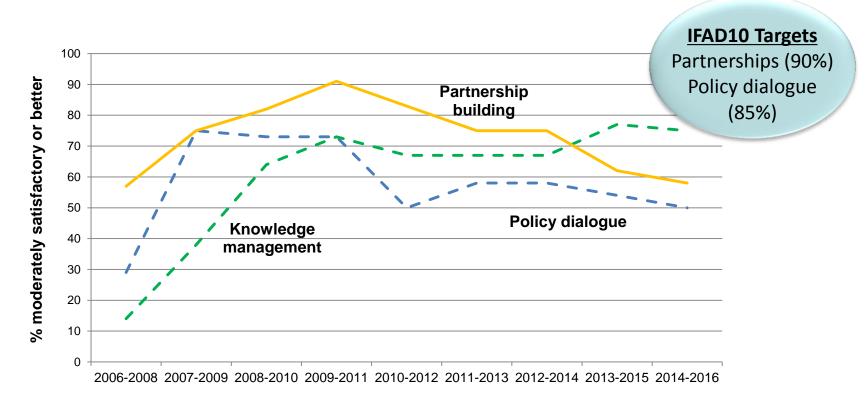
#### Evaluation criteria assessment (2013-2015)

% projects rated moderately satisfactory or better



### Limited progress in non-lending activities, IFAD11 except Knowledge Management

Performance of non-lending activities: mostly moderately satisfactory



**Evaluation years** 



How can IFAD raise country programme performance to fully satisfactory?

## 2017 ARRI findings

- Good operational performance is linked to well-defined targeting strategies.
- Promoting **gender equality and women's empowerment** is critical to realize Agenda 2030.
- Raising M&E performance requires disaggregated evidence in strategic areas – climate change and food security.
- Successful management of **fiduciary responsibility** requires rigor, not rigidity.
- KM, partnerships and policy dialogue area catalysts for greater rural poverty impact.



#### Recommendations

- IFAD11 FIDA11
- Fully Satisfactory Performance: Build on strengths, address bottlenecks and introduce a new modus operandi.
- Gender Transformation: Introduce gender transformative approaches to substantially contribute to SDGs.
- Better evidence: Improve data granularity in strategic areas of focus climate change and food security.
- Non-lending activities: Systematize KM, partnership and policy engagement – to unlock their potential to scale up country program results
- Fiduciary requirements: Extend country differentiation to procurement, while supporting long-term national capacity improvements
- 2018 ARRI Learning Theme: "Pro-poor" targeting strategies

