## IFAD

INTERNATIONAL FUND
FOR AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT

Enabling the rural poor
to overcome poverty

## Status report on arrears in principal,

 interest and service charge paymentsExecutive Board - Ninetieth Session
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For: Information

## Note to Executive Board Directors

This document is submitted for the information of the Executive Board.

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## Status report on arrears in principal, interest and service charge payments

1. The present document provides information on the status of arrears as at 31 December 2006 with respect to the payment of principal, interest and service charges due under the Regular Programme and the Special Programme for SubSaharan African Countries Affected by Drought and Desertification (SPA). The report comprises five tables, as described below.

## Table 1: Principal, interest and service charge payments in arrears by region and lending programme

2. Payments in arrears for 15 days or more increased to US $\$ 102.6$ million as at 31 December 2006 (US $\$ 100.9$ million under the Regular Programme and US $\$ 1.7$ million under SPA), from US $\$ 89.0$ million at 31 December 2005 (US $\$ 87.7$ million under the Regular Programme and US $\$ 1.3$ million under SPA). This situation was concentrated mainly in Africa, with 60.5 per cent of total arrears ( 48.3 per cent in the Western and Central Africa region and 12.2 per cent in the Eastern and Southern Africa region); in one country of the Latin America and the Caribbean region (Cuba), which accounted for 22.9 per cent; and in one country of the Near East and North Africa region (Somalia), which accounted for 15.0 per cent. The amount for countries with outstanding arrears in excess of three years for which there was no settlement plan (by length of time: Liberia, Cuba, Somalia, Togo, Solomon Islands, Central African Republic and Zimbabwe) accounted for 80.3 per cent of the total arrears figure. It should be noted that the number of loans in arrears as at 31 December 2006 compared to 31 December 2005 increased from 55 to 70.

## Table 2: Principal, interest and service charge payments in arrears by borrower and number of days overdue

3. This table details the overdue amounts by duration. The time periods reflect the procedure followed by IFAD when the amount exceeds US $\$ 10,000$ or its equivalent. Sanctions begin on the 75th day of arrears with the suspension of disbursements for any active loans in arrears. At 120 days of arrears, the entire portfolio of active loans is suspended for the borrower. At 180 days of arrears, loans are placed in nonaccrual status and reported as such in the year-end financial statements. This table also includes borrowers with debt relief approved under the Debt Initiative for Heavily Indebted Poor Countries, as the amounts are still outstanding on IFAD's books.
4. The number of borrowers with arrears of 75 days or over increased from 13 at 31 December 2005 to 17 at 31 December 2006, and the total number of borrowers with arrears increased from 22 at 31 December 2005 to 23 at 31 December 2006.

Table 3: Historical data on loans with principal, interest and service charge payments in arrears for 75 days or more
5. This table gives a historical comparison of loans that had reached the critical 75th day, i.e. when disbursements for active loans in arrears are suspended. As can be seen from the table, although the amount in arrears continued to rise, the number of loans with arrears of over 75 days (total of 38 ) remains relatively stable at 6 per cent.
Table 4: Principal, interest and service charge payments in arrears by lending terms
6. This table gives a breakdown of amounts in arrears by lending-term category (i.e. highly concessional, intermediate and ordinary terms).

## Table 5: Cumulative loan payments, arrears and reflows

7. This table shows cumulative amounts paid for principal and interest on IFAD loans since 1979, total arrears as at 31 December 2006 and total reflows for the period 1979-2006. As at 31 December 2006, arrears represented 3.4 per cent of total loan reflows (principal plus interest) since IFAD began operations.

Table 1
Principal, interest and service charge payments in arrears by region and lending programme ${ }^{\text {a }}$
(As at 31 December 2006)

|  | Number of loans | Thousands of United States dollars |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Principal | Interest and service charges | Total arrears |
| Regular Programme |  |  |  |  |
| Western and Central Africa | 42 | 32715 | 15496 | 48211 |
| Eastern and Southern Africa | 8 | 9179 | 3010 | 12189 |
| Asia and the Pacific | 5 | 1063 | 529 | 1592 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 1 | 13992 | 9436 | 23428 |
| Near East and North Africa | 7 | 11542 | 3906 | 15448 |
| Subtotal | 63 | 68491 | 32377 | 100868 |

Special Programme for Sub-Saharan African
Countries Affected by Drought and
Desertification (SPA)

| Western and Central Africa | 5 | 984 | 383 | 1367 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Eastern and Southern Africa | 2 | 275 | 43 | $\mathbf{3 1 8}$ |
| Subtotal | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 5 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 8 5}$ |  |

Combined Regular Programme and SPA

| Western and Central Africa | 47 | 33699 | 15879 | 49578 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Eastern and Southern Africa | 10 | 9454 | 3053 | 12507 |
| Asia and the Pacific | 5 | 1063 | 529 | 1592 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 1 | 13992 | 9436 | 23428 |
| Near East and North Africa | 7 | 11542 | 3906 | 15448 |
| Total | $\mathbf{7 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 9 7 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 2 8 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 2 5 5 3}$ |

[^0]Table 2
Principal, interest and service charge payments in arrears by borrower and number of days overdue
(As at 31 December 2006)

| Borrower | Thousands of United States dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 15 \text { to } 29 \\ \text { days } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 30 \text { to } 59 \\ \text { days } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 60 \text { to } 74 \\ \text { days } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 75 \text { to } 119 \\ \text { days } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 120 \text { to } 179 \\ \text { days } \end{array}$ | 180 days and over | Total amount overdue |
| Burkina Faso | - | 7 | - | - | - | 7 | $14^{\text {a }}$ |
| Burundi | 122 | - | - | - | - | - | $122^{\text {a }}$ |
| Central African Republic | - | 197 | - | 360 | 48 | 6267 | 6872 |
| Chad | 257 | - | - | - | - | - | 257 |
| Comoros | - | - | - | - | 71 | 330 | 401 |
| Côte d'Ivoire | 258 | - | - | - | - | - | 258 |
| Cuba | - | - | - | - | 259 | 23169 | 23428 |
| Democratic People's Republic of Korea | - | 90 | 781 | - | - | 5 | 876 |
| Democratic Republic of the Congo | - | 79 | - | 297 | 101 | 9281 | $9758^{\text {b,c }}$ |
| Djibouti | - | 41 | - | - | - | - | 41 |
| Equatorial Guinea | - | - | - | 106 | - | 22 | 128 |
| Gambia (The) | - | 34 | - | - | - | - | $34^{\text {a }}$ |
| Guinea | - | - | 932 | - | - | - | $932^{\text {a }}$ |
| Guinea-Bissau | 55 | - | 131 | - | - | 2700 | $2886{ }^{\text {b }}$ |
| Liberia | - | 298 | - | - | - | 17807 | 18105 |
| Mauritania | - | - | 19 | - | - | 10 | 29 |
| Palestine Liberation Organization/ Palestinian Authority | - | - | - | 10 | - | 10 | 20 |
| Sao Tome and Principe | - | 149 | - | - | - | 6 | 155 |
| Sierra Leone | - | - | - | - | 587 | 3723 | $4310^{\text {b }}$ |
| Solomon Islands | - | - | - | 63 | - | 654 | 717 |
| Somalia | - | 165 | 6 | - | 184 | 15032 | 15387 |
| Togo | 41 | - | - | 430 | - | 5368 | 5839 |
| Zimbabwe | - | 91 | - | 823 | 228 | 10842 | 11984 |
| Total | 733 | 1151 | 1869 | 2089 | 1478 | 95233 | 102553 |

[^1]Table 3
Historical data on loans with principal, interest and service charge payments in arrears for 75 days or more
(As at 31 December 2006)

|  |  |  |  | Thousands of United States dollars |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

Table 4
Principal, interest and service charge payments in arrears by lending terms
(As at 31 December 2006)

| Lending terms | Thousands of United States dollars |  |  | Percentage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Principal | Interest and service charges | Total |  |
| Highly concessional | 38727 | 14316 | 53043 | 52 |
| Intermediate | 31023 | 18487 | 49510 | 48 |
| Ordinary | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 69750 | 32803 | 102553 | 100 |

## Percentage for previous years

| Lending terms | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Highly concessional | 42 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 50 |
| Intermediate | 55 | 52 | 52 | 53 | 49 |
| Ordinary | 3 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| Total | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

Table 5
Cumulative loan payments, arrears and reflows
(As at 31 December 2006)

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Total arrears were equivalent to 3.4 per cent of total reflows (principal and interest) since IFAD began operations.


[^0]:    ${ }^{a}$ Amounts reported were delinquent for 15 days or more. Delinquencies of US\$10,000 or less were not included in this report.

[^1]:    ${ }^{a}$ Paid as of the date of this report.
    ${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Borrowers with debt settlement plans or arrears covered under the Debt Initiative for Heavily Indebted Poor Countries.
    ${ }^{c}$ Partially paid as of the date of this report.

