Cote du document:	EB 2015/115/INF.3	
Date:	20 août 2015	_
Distribution:	Publique	
Original:	Anglais	



Aperçu des fonds supplémentaires reçus, engagés et utilisés en 2014

Note pour les représentants au Conseil d'administration

Responsables:

Questions techniques:

<u>Transmission des documents:</u>

Mohamed Beavogui

Directeur et Conseiller principal du Président Bureau des partenariats et de la mobilisation des ressources

téléphone: +39 06 5459 2240 courriel: m.beavogui@ifad.org

Alessandra Zusi Bergés

Responsable du Bureau des organes directeurs téléphone: +39 06 5459 2092 courriel: gb_office@ifad.org

Conseil d'administration — Cent quinzième session Rome, 15-16 septembre 2015

Pour: Information

Table des matières

Sigl	es et acronymes	i
I.	Introduction	1
II.	Aperçu du portefeuille 2014 de fonds supplémentaires	3
	AMécanismes thématiques à donateur unique et multidonateurs	3
	BAccords de cofinancement	4
III.	Conclusion	5

Appendice

Supplementary fund agreements under implementation as at 31 December 2014

Sigles et acronymes

CE	Commission européenne
FREDA	Fonds de développement économique des zones rurales en Arménie
MFEF	Mécanisme de financement pour l'envoi de fonds
OPN	Organisation paysanne nationale
PARM	Plateforme pour la gestion des risques agricoles
PME	Petites et moyennes entreprises
TAF	Facilité d'assistance technique

Aperçu des fonds supplémentaires reçus, engagés et utilisés en 2014

I. Introduction

- 1. En 2014, la direction du FIDA et les États membres ont œuvré conjointement pour assurer la réussite de la Dixième reconstitution des ressources du FIDA (FIDA10). La mobilisation des contributions de base et complémentaires au travers des cycles de reconstitution est l'une des priorités absolues du FIDA. En 2012, face à la demande croissante de services, le FIDA a lancé l'Initiative de mobilisation de ressources supplémentaires (ARM) afin de faire appel à d'autres sources de financement correspondant à ses priorités thématiques et à sa vision stratégique. Les fonds supplémentaires constituent l'une des modalités de l'ARM.
- 2. Les fonds supplémentaires sont définis comme des ressources provenant de dons, qui sont reçues et administrées par le FIDA selon les conditions convenues d'un commun accord entre le Fonds et le ou les donateurs¹. À la différence des ressources relevant de l'article 4 de l'Accord portant création du FIDA, les fonds supplémentaires n'appartiennent pas au FIDA et ne sont pas "versés sans restriction quant à leur utilisation"². Comme le stipule le bulletin du Président PB/2013/12, la présente note d'information vise à communiquer au Conseil d'administration des données actualisées sur l'ensemble des fonds supplémentaires reçus, engagés et utilisés au cours de l'exercice budgétaire 2014.
- 3. En 2014, le FIDA a mobilisé 62,6 millions d'USD de contributions supplémentaires annoncées dans le cadre de neuf nouveaux accords, ainsi que le complément de 1 million d'EUR au titre du Projet d'investissement dans le secteur de la pêche (FIP) au Yémen. Sur la même période, le FIDA a reçu 71,0 millions d'USD de fonds supplémentaires dans le cadre d'accords signés en 2014 et au cours des années précédentes. Sur ce total, 54% (38,5 millions d'USD) ont été consacrés à des mécanismes thématiques et 46% (32,5 millions d'USD) au cofinancement de projets. Par ailleurs, neuf accords, représentant un total de 23,2 millions d'USD, ont été achevés et clôturés en 2014.
- 4. Évalué à 502 millions d'USD³, le portefeuille 2014 est régi par 58 accords en cours avec 16 États membres⁴, sept organisations internationales⁵, le gouvernement de la Flandre (Belgique) et la Fondation Bill et Melinda Gates. Le portefeuille est axé sur six thèmes:
 - a) développement des filières, notamment par le soutien aux petites et moyennes entreprises (PME) et aux services financiers inclusifs;
 - b) recherche agricole pour le développement;
 - c) production vivrière et agriculture prenant en compte la nutrition;
 - d) appui aux organisations paysannes;

_

¹ Les fonds supplémentaires sont affectés en dehors du système d'allocation fondé sur la performance (SAFP) et du système d'allocation des dons.

 ² Pour une analyse approfondie de toutes les catégories de ressources à la disposition du FIDA et de leur gouvernance, se reporter au document EB 2012/105/INF.3, présenté au Conseil d'administration le 23 mars 2012.
 ³ À l'exclusion des ressources destinées aux fonds relatifs au Programme de cadres associés et au Fonds pour l'environnement mondial (FEM), et de 100 millions d'USD provenant du Programme mondial sur l'agriculture et la sécurité alimentaire (GAFSP) de la Banque mondiale, qui sont destinés à financer la conception et la supervision de programmes en Sierra Leone, au Burundi et au Togo.

⁴ Allemagne, Arabie Saoudite, Canada, Corée, Danemark, Espagne, Estonie, Finlande, France, Irlande, Italie, Luxembourg, Nouvelle-Zélande, Pays-Bas, Suède et Suisse.

⁵ Alliance pour une révolution verte en Afrique (AGRA), Commission européenne (CE), Fonds de l'OPEP pour le développement international, Fonds d'équipement des Nations Unies (FENU), GAFSP, Organisation des Nations Unies pour le développement industriel (ONUDI) et Fonds d'affectation spéciale multidonateurs du Programme des Nations Unies pour le développement.

- e) gestion des risques agricoles et des ressources naturelles dans l'agriculture⁶; et
- f) soutien au renforcement de l'impact des opérations du FIDA, y compris sur la parité hommes-femmes.

Organisations Production Gestion des paysannes vivrière et risques 8% nutrition agricoles et des 22% ressources naturelles 10% Développement des filières 29% Recherche agricole Problématique . 26%

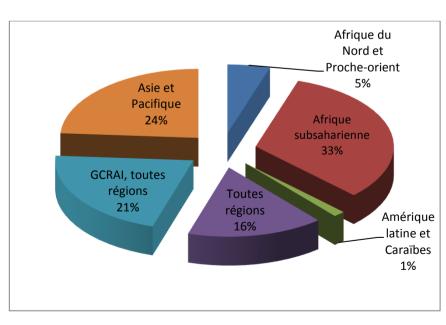
Figure 1. Répartition thématique du portefeuille 2014 de fonds supplémentaires

5. La répartition régionale du portefeuille 2014 est telle que 37% des dons sont utilisés au profit de l'ensemble des régions (y compris les 21% à l'appui de la recherche agricole) et que 33% des activités profitent à l'Afrique subsaharienne, 25% à l'Asie et à l'Amérique latine, et 5% à la région Proche-Orient et Afrique du Nord



Impact du FIDA, évaluation, stratégies pour les pays 3%

hommesfemmes 2%



.

⁶ Au travers du Programme d'adaptation de l'agriculture paysanne (ASAP), le FIDA a été en mesure de mobiliser des ressources auprès de nouveaux donateurs. En 2014, le gouvernement de la Flandre (Belgique) a signé avec le FIDA son premier accord de fonds supplémentaires, constitué d'une contribution de 2,5 millions d'USD à l'ASAP.

- 6. Le portefeuille actuel de fonds supplémentaires se divise en deux catégories:
 - les mécanismes thématiques à donateur unique et multidonateurs ainsi que les accords thématiques spécifiques à un pays qui appuient la recherche agricole, le développement des filières, les réseaux d'organisations paysannes, la gestion des ressources naturelles, l'inclusion et l'innovation financières, et d'autres thèmes; et
 - les accords de cofinancement qui soutiennent des composantes précises de programmes du FIDA y compris dans des contextes fragiles en particulier le développement des filières et des PME.
- 7. Sur les 58 accords en cours, 18 ont été signés avec la Commission européenne (CE) pour un montant de 245 millions d'EUR (équivalant à 306 millions d'USD), et contribuent au financement de la recherche agricole au bénéfice des pauvres, du développement des filières et des PME, de l'inclusion et innovation financières, et des organisations paysannes, entre autres thèmes.

II. Aperçu du portefeuille 2014 de fonds supplémentaires

A. Mécanismes thématiques à donateur unique et multidonateurs

- 8. La présente section donne un aperçu du portefeuille 2014 des fonds supplémentaires. L'appendice contient la description complète de la totalité des programmes.
- 9. Le développement des filières et l'inclusion financière sont deux axes majeurs du portefeuille (29%). En décembre 2014, le FIDA a signé avec la CE un accord de 17,8 millions d'USD pour le lancement du Fonds de développement des petites et moyennes entreprises agroalimentaires en Ouganda, qui encourage l'investissement dans ce type d'entreprises. En s'appuyant sur le financement de la CE dans le cadre des fonds supplémentaires, le FIDA va, pour la première fois, investir directement (pour le compte de la CE) dans une entreprise privée (dans ce cas, un fonds de participation). Centrée sur les partenariats public-privé-producteur et sur le développement de la commercialisation de la production des petits exploitants, cette initiative non seulement est hautement pertinente pour le programme du FIDA en Ouganda, mais elle permet en outre au FIDA de mettre à l'essai des modalités opérationnelles qui contribuent à tirer parti de nouvelles opportunités.
- 10. À l'aide des fonds supplémentaires fournis par la CE, l'Italie, l'AGRA et l'ONUDI, la Facilité d'assistance technique (TAF) du Fonds d'investissement pour l'agriculture en Afrique (AAF) établit des liens durables entre les entreprises présentes dans le portefeuille de l'AAF, les petits agriculteurs et les microentrepreneurs afin de favoriser le développement économique des PME agricoles et des petits agriculteurs. Avec les 3 millions d'EUR utilisés à fin 2014, la TAF avait soutenu 22 projets mettant en relation 20 000 agriculteurs avec des filières; créé 400 emplois dans des PME; créé ou sauvegardé 1 400 emplois agricoles; accru de 19%, en moyenne, la production annuelle des agriculteurs; et suscité une augmentation moyenne de 20% du chiffre d'affaires des PME. La principale difficulté rencontrée jusqu'à maintenant par la TAF est la réticence des entreprises privées à nouer des relations avec les petits agriculteurs.
- 11. Le Mécanisme de financement pour l'envoi de fonds (MFEF) est un fonds multidonateurs doté de 30 millions d'USD, lancé en 2006 avec le soutien de l'Espagne, de la CE, du Luxembourg, du FENU et du Groupe consultatif d'assistance aux pauvres. Le MFEF fonctionne comme un "laboratoire d'innovation", en favorisant l'émergence d'initiatives innovantes et durables partout dans le monde. Depuis 2006, au travers de ses "appels à propositions", le MFEF a cofinancé près

- de 50 projets pilotes dans plus de 45 pays et a créé un réseau de 200 partenaires issus des secteurs public et privé et de la société civile. Le MFEF permet aux ménages ruraux pauvres d'avancer sur la voie de l'indépendance financière.
- 12. La contribution de 17,6 millions d'EUR que la CE apporte au Programme de renforcement de la production céréalière au Kenya (KCEP) vise à améliorer la sécurité alimentaire au niveau national, accroître les revenus des paysans cultivant les céréales ciblées, et aider les petits agriculteurs à passer de l'agriculture de subsistance à l'agriculture commerciale. Grâce à un système innovant qui facilite l'inclusion financière des petits paysans et leur accès à une gamme de services financiers efficients pour un coût abordable, le KCEP incite les petits agriculteurs à investir en vue d'accéder à l'agriculture commerciale.
- 13. **Recherche agricole.** Sur le total des fonds supplémentaires, 131 millions d'USD (26%) sont fournis par la CE pour financer les centres du Groupe consultatif pour la recherche agricole internationale (GCRAI). Au travers de six accords de contribution, le FIDA et la CE ont établi un partenariat soutenant la recherche agricole menée par le GCRAI à l'appui d'initiatives de développement. Dans le cadre de cette collaboration, le FIDA et la CE s'engagent à ce que les résultats de la recherche alimentent les travaux sur le développement.
- 14. **Gestion des risques agricoles et des ressources naturelles.** La plateforme pour la gestion des risques agricoles (PARM), créée en 2013, soutient l'intégration de la gestion des risques agricoles dans les cadres d'action publique de neuf pays d'Afrique subsaharienne, en collaboration avec le Nouveau partenariat pour le développement de l'Afrique (NEPAD). Au cours de la première année, les activités de la PARM ont porté sur quatre domaines: i) publications concernant la méthodologie, la gestion des savoirs et la communication, et des études; ii) organisation du partenariat entre la PARM et le NEPAD; iii) lancement d'activités en Éthiopie, au Niger et en Ouganda; et iv) dialogue avec le Comité de pilotage et mise sur pied du Comité consultatif.
- 15. **Soutien aux réseaux d'organisations paysannes.** À l'aide des fonds supplémentaires versés par la CE, la France et la Suisse, complétés par un cofinancement du FIDA et d'AgriCord, ce programme a apporté son soutien à une quarantaine d'organisations paysannes locales dans 18 pays, à 50 organisations paysannes nationales (OPN) de 49 pays africains, et à cinq réseaux régionaux et panafricains d'organisations paysannes. En 2014, les réseaux nationaux et régionaux ont contribué à développer la base d'adhérents des OPN, à soutenir et accroître la participation des femmes agricultrices, à améliorer et consolider la gouvernance démocratique, et à professionnaliser la gestion des OPN grâce à l'amélioration des ressources humaines, des compétences de gestion financière et de la participation des membres. Des efforts supplémentaires seront nécessaires pour développer les services économiques fournis par les OPN en vue de faciliter l'intégration des petits agriculteurs aux filières. Les fonds supplémentaires de la Suisse servent aussi à appuyer les travaux que mène le FIDA pour renforcer les organisations paysannes en Asie et dans le Pacifique.

B. Accords de cofinancement

16. En 2014, le FIDA a signé le premier accord de fonds supplémentaires avec le Royaume d'Arabie saoudite. Cet accord de don de 3,3 millions d'USD cofinancera le Projet d'appui aux moyens de subsistance dans les districts de Gwadar et Lasbela, d'un montant de 35 millions d'USD, mis en œuvre par le FIDA au Pakistan. Ce projet développera les activités génératrices de revenus pour les hommes et les femmes vivant sur le littoral, où plus de 60% de la population est pauvre. La contribution du Royaume d'Arabie saoudite financera la composante de développement des pêcheries.

- Le FIDA a également signé un accord de cofinancement avec le Gouvernement du Canada allouant 12,7 millions de CAD au Programme de microfinance rurale, au Mali, qui vise à améliorer l'accès des ruraux pauvres à des services financiers durables adaptés à leurs besoins. Le ministère néo-zélandais des affaires étrangères et du commerce a signé avec le FIDA un accord doté de 810 000 USD. destiné à financer le Projet d'intégration de l'agriculture familiale dans les chaînes de valeur au Paraguay. Ce projet vise à accroître les revenus et la qualité de vie des agriculteurs familiaux et des ruraux pauvres du Paraguay, en les intégrant de manière durable à des filières agricoles.
- Des ressources fournies par la CE ont cofinancé deux programmes au Yémen en 2014. Le soutien supplémentaire de la CE au Programme de création de possibilités économiques aidera les petits paysans et les ménages sans terre à développer les filières de trois produits agricoles à haute valeur ajoutée: le café, le miel et les produits de l'horticulture. Sa contribution aux fonds supplémentaires en faveur du Projet d'investissement dans le secteur de la pêche permettra de créer des opportunités économiques durables et diversifiées au bénéfice des ruraux pauvres, hommes et femmes, vivant de la pêche⁷.
- En Arménie, les fonds supplémentaires fournis par le Danemark en 2008 ont permis de concevoir et mettre en œuvre le Fonds de développement économique des zones rurales en Arménie (FREDA). Le FREDA est un fonds de participation innovant qui est destiné à améliorer les perspectives économiques des petits agriculteurs grâce à des investissements dans des PME agroalimentaires entretenant des relations solides avec les petits exploitants agricoles. Une étude d'impact du projet a révélé que les entreprises bénéficiaires des investissements du FREDA avaient non seulement accru leurs approvisionnements en fruits, légumes, viande et lait auprès des petits producteurs, mais qu'elles avaient en outre été en mesure d'accroître leur chiffre d'affaires de 42%, en moyenne, et leur bénéfice annuel de 62%.
- 20. Des fonds supplémentaires du Danemark ont permis de cofinancer la composante entrepreneuriale du Projet de développement des services financiers ruraux et des entreprises agroalimentaires en République de Moldova. Toutes les activités ayant été pleinement mises en œuvre en 2014, l'évaluation finale du projet a montré que 393 emplois avaient été créés en milieu rural - une hausse de 51,7% - dont près de 50% étaient occupés par des femmes.

III. Conclusion

Afin d'accroître les investissements dans l'agriculture familiale, le FIDA continuera d'accorder une haute priorité à la mobilisation de ressources de base au travers du processus de reconstitution. Parallèlement, comme l'illustre le présent rapport, le FIDA est prêt à recevoir des fonds supplémentaires à l'appui de ses priorités thématiques, dans le contexte de sa vision stratégique. À cet égard, l'administration des ressources supplémentaires restera centrée sur des mécanismes thématiques.

22. Depuis la crise alimentaire de 2008, les fonds supplémentaires permettent de financer de nouveaux modes de participation du secteur privé aux investissements dans le secteur agroalimentaire. Les évaluations préliminaires indiquent que le succès rencontré par de telles initiatives varie selon les filières, en fonction de l'aptitude à mettre une expertise technique appropriée au service du projet et à établir de solides systèmes de suivi-évaluation.

⁷ La CE a informé le FIDA qu'elle suspendait, à compter du 1^{er} juin 2015, tous les projets qu'elle finance au Yémen. En mai 2015, le FIDA avait décidé lui aussi, en raison de la situation sur le terrain, de suspendre temporairement son portefeuille au Yémen, qui compte quatre projets.

- 23. Le FIDA reste déterminé à élaborer une approche plus ciblée de la gestion des fonds supplémentaires afin de tirer parti de nouvelles opportunités, comme il l'a fait en Ouganda en investissant dans un fonds de participation.
- 24. En 2014, la CE a entrepris d'évaluer les procédures fiduciaires de l'ensemble de ses organisations partenaires, et de mener un audit externe sur une sélection de projets achevés, comme prévu par l'accord-cadre qu'elle a conclu avec les Nations Unies. Les conclusions positives de ces examens ont confirmé que le FIDA était un partenaire admissible pour la CE. À la suite de cette procédure, le FIDA a passé en revue les recommandations formulées et a ajusté ses systèmes opérationnels de façon à satisfaire aux exigences croissantes de la CE. En outre, le FIDA a ainsi pu tirer de nombreux enseignements précieux de cette expérience et les appliquer.

Supplementary fund agreements under implementation as at 31 December 2014

	IFAD managed Multi-donor programmes	Date of Agreement	expected under Agreement	Received in 2014	agreement as at 31 December 2014		
TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FACILITY TO THE AFRICAN AGRICULTURE FUND First multi-donor fund established at IFAD (including a joint multi-donor agreement between Italy-AGRA- UNIDO)							

The main goal of the TAF is to support capacity building for small and medium sized enterprises (SMEs)s and small farmers operating in the agriculture sector in Africa through improving linkages between small businesses, small-scale farmers, farmers' organizations, and companies invested in by the African Agriculture Fund (AAF). In 2013, the TAF mid-term review revealed that the number of opportunities/investments where out growers' schemes can be developed is much smaller than initially envisaged, for this project. In addition, the SME window is more limited than initially foreseen, with the type of targets outlined mostly suitable for enterprises. The review highlighted that the Rural Finance TAF component, designed to complement the AAF rural finance component, has thus far not been realized, limiting opportunities for finance, through the TAF projects linked to AAF investments. As a result, IFAD and the EC reviewed the Programme and introduced a new "Value Chain" component by merging the two original components: "Out growers" and "Rural Finance". Through this approach, IFAD's direct role in supervising activities and linking TAF activities with IFAD-supported programmes has been enhanced. With EUR3million utilized at the end of 2014, TAF has supported 22 projects through which 20,000 farmers are being linked to six supported AVCs; 400 new jobs created at SME level through BDS support to 5 SMEs; 1400 on farms jobs created/maintained; and 19% average increase in annual production by farmers supported; and 20% average increase in SME annual turnover. No additional extension would be required but rather focus on strengthening the companies they have got to know.

European Union-TAF	TAF (Eur 10 million)	11 May 2011 11 May 2016	12 500 000	2 143 147	4 137 983
Italy-AGRA- UNIDO for TAF	In 2011 Italy with US\$210,000, AGRA with US\$150,000 and UNIDO with US\$99,212 subscribed IFAD multi-donor framework to support the TAF	11 May 2011 11 May 2016	449 212		449 212
	One account, one report		12 949 212	2 143 147	4 587 195

FINANCIAL FACILITY FOR REMITTANCES 2005-2020

In 2006 with initial funding from Spain (EUR2 million) and the EC (EUR4million) a multi-donor Financing Facility for Remittances (FFR) was established at IFAD to link migration and development issues, supporting capacity-building, advocacy and research in areas related to migration and remittances and piloting innovative projects to enhance the development impact of remittances. In 7 year, the FFR grew from an initial EUR 6million programme to a US\$30 million facility, and has become one of the most relevant actors in the field of remittances worldwide. To date, IFAD FFR has implemented 45 innovative projects in more than 40 countries worldwide, jointly with over 200 partners on the ground from the public sector, private sector, civil society, diaspora organizations, and generating more than US\$ 10 million in co-financing. While the multi-donor FFR has been managed as one, relevant agreements with Spain, Luxemburg, the EC and UNCDF have been signed as independent agreements and require independent financial reporting. An effort shall be made – within the FFR steering committee, to encourage donors to pool funds.

In 2014 FFR develoed an approach to Maximising the Global Impact of Remittances in Rural Areas - MIGRRA which in 2015 will benefit from additional funding from Luxemburg (EUR1,5million) and the EC (EUR5.4Million).

	Funds are kept in separate accounts but one narrative report accepted.		22 306 974	500 000	19 648 504
CGAP-FFR	Financing Facility for Remittances (FFR)	30 April 2008 31 December 2010	480 000		480 000
UNCDF-FFR	Financing Facility for Remittances (FFR)	17 Sept. 2008 31 Dec. 2016	562 195		562 195
Spain-FFR	Financing Facility for Remittances (FFR)	15 Feb. 2008 12 Nov. 2014 extended along with the PA until 2020	8 463 900		8 463 900
Luxembourg	Migrant Remittances System Africa	15 Dec. 2011 31 Dec. 2014	2 600 879		2 600 879
European Union-Postal Initiative	The African Postal Financial Services Initiative aims at enhancing competition in the African remittance marketplace through enabling African post offices to offer financial services and showcase the potential role of postal networks in migration and development. EUR4 160 000 EC financial assistance	12 Dec. 2012 31 Dec.2016	5 200 000		2 541 530
European Union-FFR	Promoting Innovative Migrant Remittances Systems	29 Dec. 2005 31 Aug. 2013	5 000 000	500 000	5 000 000

IFAD managed Multi-donor programmes

Date of Agreement

Date of Agreement

Date of Agreement

Total Contribution expected under Agreement

Received in 2014

Received in 2014

December 2014

SUPPORT TO FARMERS' ORGANIZATIONS 2009-2017

SFOAP is a corporate effort to bring together a coalition of like-minded donors that are willing to support smallholder agriculture

The Support to Farmers' Organizations in Africa Programme (SFOAP) was established in 2009 with EUR 5 million (\$6.25million equivalent) financing by the European Commission (EC) and US\$1.5 million financing from IFAD. Its aim is to strengthen the capacity of FOs in African countries and their regional and pan-African networks. It was the first continental programme in Africa to be initiated by the four regional networks of FOs in sub-Saharan Africa (EAFF, PROPAC, ROPPA and SACAU) providing a single programme in support of the institutional development of their organizations at all levels. The objectives of SFOAP are: (i) to strengthen the institutional capacity of Farmers' Organizations (FOs) in Africa countries, and of their regional and Pan-African networks, and (ii) to enable FOs influencing policies and support programmes affecting agriculture, rural development and food security. The Pilot Phase supported 55 national organizations in 39 countries, their four regional networks in sub-Saharan Africa and the establishment of the Pan-African Farmers' Organization (PAFO).

In 2012 Italy, Finland and Switzerland agreed to jointly co-finance SFOAP's 2012 management activities to support SFOAP's transition from pilot phase to a main phase was launched in January 2013 through additional supplementary funds by the EC (EUR15million), France (EUR1million), Switzerland (EUR2million), and US\$2.5 million financing from IFAD. This phase (US\$22.6 million) builds on the successes and lessons learned from

the pilot phase and scales up programme activities and outreach. The programme aims to further strengthen and consolidate the institutional capacity of FOs and give them a greater say in agricultural policies and programmes. It also supports the development of FOs' economic services to facilitate the integration of smallholder farmers in value chains. The addition of a fifth regional network, the UMAGRI, has expanded the geographical area of the main phase to the North Africa region. The programme now supports 68 national farmers' organizations (NFOs) in 49 countries, their five regional networks and the PAFO.

The Medium-Term Cooperation Programme with Farmers' Organisations in Asia and the Pacific to deliver better, improved and inclusive

The Medium-Term Cooperation Programme with Farmers' Organisations in Asia and the Pacific (MTCP 2) aims to strengthen the capacities of farmers organizations in Asia and the Pacific to deliver better, improved and inclusive services to their members and to engage in effective dialogues with governments, thereby making FOs more viable, responsive and accountable to their members, more respected by their partners and have more participation in policy-making and program implementation processes of governments and IFAD country operations. In 2015 the EC agreed to support MTCP2 with additional EUR14.4 million

	SFOAP MAIN PHASE - Multidonor fund					
Swiss-SFOAP	SFOAP main phase (EUR2Million)	13 Dec. 2012	2 500 000	650 000	1 900 000	
EU-SFOAP	SFOAP main phase (EUR15,000,000)	21 Dec. 2012	18 750 000	4 737 578	8 809 926	
France-AFD-SFOAP	SFOAP main phase (EUR1,065,750)	14 Mar. 2013	1 332 188	937 500	937 500	
	Funds are pooled into one account. One unified narrative and financial report provided.		22 582 188	6 325 078	11 647 426	
Together with SFOAP, the Farmers' Fighting Poverty in Africa (FFP/AFRICA) composes the programme Farmers' Africa, financed by the European Commission (EC). The financing from the EC is channelled to AgriCord through IFAD.						
EU-FFP	Farmers Fighting Poverty / AFRICA	22 Nov. 2012	14 875 000	4 536 875	10 189 375	
	One account independent reporting		14 875 000	4 536 875	10 189 375	

EU-FFP	Farmers Fighting Poverty / AFRICA	22 Nov. 2012	14 875 000	4 536 875	10 189 375
	One account independent reporting		14 875 000	4 536 875	10 189 375
MTCP was launched in 2009	with IFAD resources approved under the regional grant window.				
	Medium-Term Cooperation Programme with Farmers' Organisations in Asia and the Pacific -	5 Dec. 2013	0.454.646		

Swiss MTCP	Medium-Term Cooperation Programme with Farmers' Organisations in Asia and the Pacific - Second Phase (MTCP 2)-(CHF3,000,000)+ EUR80,000 top up in 2014	5 Dec. 2013 31 Dec. 2017	3 454 616		1 676 851
	One account independent reporting		3 454 616	0	1 676 851
	TOTAL of the two Regional programmes		40 911 804	10 861 953	23 513 652

FARMERS' FORUM-Ongoing

The Farmers' Forum (FAFO) is a bottom-up process of consultation and dialogue between small farmers' and rural producers' organizations, IFAD and governments for rural development and poverty reduction. Established in 2006 as a permanent feature of the IFAD Governing Council and operationalized through IFAD-funded investment projects and grant programmes, the Farmers' Forum is fully aligned with IFAD's strategic objectives, and is rooted in concrete partnership and collaboration at country and regional levels. Engagement with rural organisations at field level and dialogue at the international level are articulated as mutual years, foring processes. Following consultations at the national and regional level, the Farmers' Forum meets every two years for a global consultation, in conjunction with the Governing Council of IFAD. Over the past 8 years, foring process has demonstrated its relevance and indeed changed the way IFAD and FOs are working together. Direct support to FOs through grant financing for capacity building – a major request of the Farmers' Forum –increased dramatically since the beginning of the Farmers' Forum process, from US\$2.4 million per biennium in 2004-2005 to over US\$12.0 million in 2008-2009 and over US\$50million in 2013-17. Since its inception, FAFO has received supplementary funding from Italy (US\$40,000 approved in 2005 to prepare to the first FAFO in 2006; US\$45,000 for FAFO2010 and US\$100,000 for the FAFO2012); Switzerland (US\$50,000 for FAFO2010; US\$291,000 for FAFO 2012; and US\$218,000 for FAFO2014), France (EUR\$0,000 for FAFO2010) and Finland (US\$42,000 to ensure women farmers participation to FAFO2012); and BMGF with US\$230,000 to FAFO2014. In 2015 IFAD continue in the effort to make the FAFO a self-sustainable process through their secratariat. In addition Italy, has agreed to participate the costs of the 10th anniversary form the establishment of the Rorum, which would include an external review of the main achievement so far.

Swiss-FAFO 2014	Cofinancing of the Farmers' Forum 2014 in Rome	13 Dec. 2012 28 Feb. 2015	217 940		217 940
BMGF-FAFO 2014	Cofinancing of the Farmers' Forum 2014 in Rome	Jan 2014 30 June 2014	230 000	230 000	230 000
	Kept in separate accounts but one narrative report accepted (individual financial reporting is required).		447 940	230 000	447 940

THE AGRICULTURE RISK MANAGEMENT MULTI-DONOR PROGRAMMES

Agriculture, by its dependence on natural events beyond human control, has always been risky business. But today, smallholder farmers face new and old threats from a variety of directions. These include volatile food prices, erratic agricultural markets, crop and livestock pests and diseases, and climate change, making agriculture less predictable than ever. These are risks faced by farmers in developing and developed countries alike. But smallholder farmers in developing countries face additional risks that their counterparts in most developed countries do not. IFAD has long been aware that helping smallholders manage risk is an essential element of establishing global food and nutrition security.

PLATFORM FOR AGRICULTURE RISK MANAGEMENT: Multi-donor facility 2013-2017

IFAD, with the support of **France**, the **EC**, **Italy**, and in partnership with the New Partnership for Africa's Development (NEPAD), launched the Platform for Agricultural Risk Management (PARM) in December 2013. PARM is a partnership-based initiative aiming at fostering responsible investment in rural areas and agriculture. The aim of the platform is to assess and qualify agricultural risks in partner countries, develop appropriate strategies to challenge such risks. and contribute to establishing the conditions necessary for food and nutrition security. Its main role will consist of: (a) improving the area of risk agricultural management, (b) assist national stakeholders in setting up a process to develop agricultural risk management strategies, (c) developing effective tools to measure efficiency and effectiveness of risk management systems, (d) building capacity among African nations on agricultural risk management topics, (e) act as a broker between the private and public sector and between those in need of risk management expertise and those who can provide it; and, (f) strength regional cooperation on agricultural risk management.

EU-PARM	PARM	Dec. 2013 Dec. 2017	4 062 500		966 094
France-AFD	PARM	Dec. 2013 Dec. 2017	2 500 000		1 250 000
Italy-PARM	PARM	Dec. 2013 Dec. 2017	650 000		650 000
IFAD-PARM			300 000		
	One account, one report		7 512 500	0	2 866 094

WEATHER RISK MANAGEMENT

With initial support of the Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation (US\$1million) in 2008 IFAD and the WFP established the joint Weather Risk Management Facility (WRMF), to develop index insurance with the World Food Programme. Since 2008 the WRMF has been conducting research, building capacity, and implementing initiatives to improve index insurance product offerings and the way they are delivered. in 2014 France agreed to support the Phase II of the project 'Improving weather risk management in Sub-Saharan Africa: satellites for insuring smallholders' with EUR500,000. The IFAD-WFP WRMF has been working to address the challenges weather risk (particularly drought) poses for smallholders producing crops in rural areas and to evaluate and review 36 weather index insurance programmes. A main challenge is that, to develop an index insurance contract, historical daily data sets (ideally of about 20 years or more) are necessary, as well as the capacity to capture current data in order to know when a payout should be triggered.

France-Weather risk	Convention de financiament AFD-IFAD weather risk management Apr 2012	13 Apr. 2012 June 2016	625 000		625 000
France-Weather risk	Amélioration des services de gestion des risquest Afrique Subsaharinne	12 Nov.2014 31 Dec. 2017	625 000	437 500	437 500
	Two separate accounts, a unified reporting.		1 250 000	437 500	1 062 500

NUTRITION SENSITIVE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT 2013-2016

Canada supported the launch of the initiative as a multi-donor facility. Germany subsequently made a contribution with country specific (Brazil, Zambia, Ghana, Indonesia) and sector focused earmarking that promote value chains within specific crops, fish or livestock high nutritional contents relevant for smallholder production and consumption. The two projects are mutually reinforcing. Under the agreement with Canada IFAD is to strengthening its technical capacity in nutrition issues, through additional staff and improved links with CG programs on agriculture and nutrition. The grant from Germany supports the development of operational guidelines for the design of nutrition-sensitive value chain (NSVC) projects in middle-income countries (Nigeria and Indonesia have been selected). Little concrete information exists about how to design such value chains, particularly in the context of value chains for smallholders and the rural poor. This project attempts to address that gap and produce evidence-based guidance for design of NSVCs.

Canada	Nutrition sensitive agriculture	28 Mar 2013 27 Mar 2016	4 951 966		4 951 966
Germany	Nutrition sensitive value chain	Dec. 2013 Dec. 2015	837 500	293 750	293 750
	Kept in separate accounts but one narrative report accepted (respective financial report required)		5 789 466	293 750	5 245 716

FOOD LOSS REDUCTION 2013-2016

In 2013 the **Swiss Agency for Development Co-operation** (SDC) through their Global Programme on Food Security (GPFS) under the theme "Reducing food losses through post-harvest management" - launched the joint RBA programme through FAO. The project aims at improving food security and income generation opportunities through reduction of food losses in supported food grains and pulses value chains. The project activities will be focused on establishing a global community of practices on food losses, support policy development, and include pilot activities on food loss assessments and reduction in three selected countries: Burkina Faso, Democratic Republic of the Congo, and Uganda. All three RBAs have strong organisational commitments to the global reduction of food losses. By leveraging their strengths, the project will have significant influence and impact in both raising awareness on losses and in stimulating change in member countries to take action for food loss reduction.

A new supplementary fund agreement between IFAD and Ireland was signed in 2013 to enable the use of US\$174,880 - which had remained unspent under a previous partnership agreement - to support the "Food loss reduction through partnerships and evidence-based interventions."

Ireland	Food loss reduction through partnerships and evidence based interventions	12 Dec. 2013 until end of activities	174 880		174 880
Switzerland through FAO	RBAs joint programme for "Mainstreaming food loss reduction initiatives for smallholders in food deficit areas". US\$2 748 000 are channelled through FAO and a share of it will be used by IFAD following approval by the Steering committee.	22 Dec 2013 14 Dec. 2016	TBD		
	Funds are kept in separate accounts. Ireland agreed to have a joint report with the CH funded programme.		174 880	0	174 880

MAINSTREAMING GENDER EQUALITY

Since 1995 IFAD has received US\$15million SF from Japan, Norway, Germany, Canada, Finland, The Netherlands and Italy under nine agreements to achieve more impact on reducing poverty and increasing household food security by: (i) building IFAD's capacity at HQs and country level reaching more rural women through gender-sensitive programme design and implementation; (ii) working in partnership with other institutions and organization; (iii) developing and testing innovative methodologies; (iv) empowering women and their organizations by creating their legal awareness. On 26 November 2012 IFAD signed a 5-year joint programme with UN Women, FAO and WFP for accelerating progress towards the economic empowerment of rural women (RWEE-Joint Programme). The Joint Programme is articulated around four outcome areas: (i)Improved food security and nutrition; (ii)Increased income opportunities; (iii)Enhanced leadership and participation; and (iv)More gender responsive policy environment. The Joint Programme enhances as well the role of young women by specifically targeting them throughout its four outcome areas and its activities. The following seven countries are targeted for the implementation of the Joint Programme: Ethiopia, Guatemala, Kyrgyzstan, Liberia, Nepal, Niger and Rwanda. The programme is administred by the UNDP-Multipartner Trust Fund (MPTF) with whom the four agencies have signed a multidonor administration agreement in 2014. Norway and Sweden - through the Swedish International Development Agency (SIDA) - have contributed NOK10million (US\$1.2million equivalent) and SEK 112,000,000 (US\$15million), respectively to the programme in 2014. The overall programme's cost is estimated at US\$30million. This strategic collaboration matches IFAD's strong presence in rural areas and capacity to cofinance rural investment programmes with FAO's policy assistance on agriculture and food security, WFP's food assistance innovations, and UN Women's technical expertise on women's economic empowerment.

Canada	Under the Legal Empowerment of Women (LEWI) grant, a total of US\$896,029 were used to support rural women in Burundi, Liberia, Malawi, Senegal and India through legal processes, awareness raising and capacity building of local authorities and communities. A further US\$30,000 was transferred – with the approval of Canada – to support the Indigenous People's Forum, 2013. In 2014 canada approved the use of the balance of US\$29,680 to support IFAD further strengthening project design and implementation from a gender perspective. Particular attention is made on the importance of introducing gender transformative approaches, which go beyond treating the symptoms of gender inequality to tackling the underlying causes	28 Jun. 2018 Dec. 2015	955 709		955 709
Japan WID	Women-in Development Activities. All the funds have been used. One activity - the Scaling up household methodologies for results impact in IFAD-supported programmes and projects still ongoing with US\$ 186 103.73	14 Nov. 1995 no expiring	5 823 151		5 823 151
Norway	Gender Mainstreaming. One activity (US\$30,000) still ongoing under the Programme to Assist IFAD Projects in Western and Central Africa to Reach Rural Women ('the Programme') - to provide technical assistance on gender and trainings in WCA.	27 Nov. 1998 no expiring	4 822 638		4 822 638
Norway-Sweden through UNDP	RBAs&UN-Women Rural Women Economic Empowerment Joint Programme (RWEE-JP) in Ethiopia, Guatemala, Kyrgyzstan, Liberia, Nepal, Niger and Rwanda	15 Oct. 2012 14 Oct. 2017	tbd	158 160	158 160
	Funds are kept in separate accounts		11 601 498	158 160	11 759 658
	MATNETDEAMING CLIMATE ADADTA				

MAINSTREAMING CLIMATE ADAPTATION

IFAD's five-year Adaptation to Smallholder Agriculture Programme was launched in September 2012. As of Dec 2014, it has mobilised about U\$\$357 million in complementary contributions to IFAD9 and approximativel U\$\$357 million in supplementary funds from the Government of Flanders, through the Flemish Dep[artments for International Development Cooperation. ASAP is currently the largest adaptation programme for smallholder farmers globally and works with the goal to improve the climate resilience of 8 million farmers by 2020 through mainstreaming climate change into IFAD's existing work on rural development with poor smallholders. Five sub-goal outcomes focus on improved climate resilience in: land management, water use, human capacity to manage climate risk, infrastructure and learning and sharing knowledge. IFAD aims to have mainstreamed climate change into 100% of new investment designs by 2018, with ASAP funded activities as one of the major means to achieve this result.

Government of Flanders (Belgium)	Agriculture Smallholder Adaptation Programme - ASAP	15 Nov. 2014 31 Dec. 2017	2 500 000	1 250 000	1 250 000
	Funds are kept in the ASAP TF		2 500 000	1 250 000	1 250 000

Ш
Œ
N
Ö
$\overline{}$
ū
~
\vdash
\vdash
ū
_
=
2
П
: :
ω

	IFAD managed Single-donor programmes	Date of Agreement	Total Contribution expected under Agreement	Received in 2014	Received under the agreement as at 31 December 2014
	Thematic focused single donor Agro	eements			
European Union-CGIAR	Consultative Group for International Agriculture Research III (Eur 17.5 million)	22 July 2010 1 Jun. 2013	21 875 000		21 875 000
European Union-CGIAR	CGIAR-CIP (Eur 5 million) Strengthening Pro-poor Agriculture Innovation for Food security in Andean Region CGIAR IV	20 Dec 2010 15 Jun. 2014	6 250 000		4 935 926
European Union-CGIAR	Consultative Group for International Agriculture Research V (Eur 32.5 million)	Dec 2011 Dec 2015	40 625 000	8 833 413	36 243 750
European Union-CGIAR	Consultative Group for International Agriculture Research VI (Eur 50.15 million)	1 Jan 2013 31 Dec 2016	62 687 500	7 289 421	18 332 609
EU-ILC	Support to the International Land coalition (ILC) through IFAD: Catalysing partnerships for propor land governance	21 Dec. 2012	5 000 000		3 107 500
Italy RURALFIN	Rural Finance activities Asia and Africa	9 May. 2005 8 May 2014	6 104 250		6 104 250
Spain-LAC;NEN	 Human Rights and Remittances: - US\$1 120 000 used for a grant agreement with Fundación Capital to "Enhance the gendersensitive impact of remittances for rural development in Latin America and the Caribbean" - US\$1 379 000 used for Sustainable water management micro-systems in mountainous areas of Lebanon 	15 Feb. 2008 27 Nov. 2013 extended along with the PA until 2020	2 630 500		2 630 500
Spain GECC	Support to African rural disadvantaged communities fighting against climate change (Grant ongoing)	15 Oct. 2008 12 Nov. 2011	1 878 357		1 878 357
Sweden	Support IFAD's reform for efficiency	14 Dec 2001 30 May 2014	1 641 813		1 641 813
Swiss-IOE	Phase Three of the Partnership on Development Effectiveness through Evaluation 950 000 CHF	15 June 2013 6 March 2016	1 187 500	327 988	645 302
Swiss-Land Tenure	IFAD-contribution to Community Investor Partnerships Project in Mozambique (2009-2012)	29 Jan. 2009; 31 Dec. 2012	191 427		191 427
The Netherlands-ILC	Support to the International Land coalition (ILC) through IFAD	13 Feb. 2012 31 Dec. 2015	5 600 000	740 456	4 049 790
The Netherlands-GLTN	Funds through IFAD in support to the Global Land TN	Aug 2013 Dec 2017	20 437 500	3 500 000	8 500 000
FAO	Expo 2015	Dec 2013 Dec 2015	45 372	20 504 275	0
		Subtotal	176 154 219	20 691 278	110 136 225

	IFAD managed Single-donor programmes	Date of Agreement	Total Contribution expected under Agreement	Received in 2014	Received under the agreement as at 31 December 2014
	Umbrella type agreements				
Finland	 Since 2003, through three subsequent Partnership Agreements, Finland has contributed US\$5.6 million in Finnish Supplementary Funds (FSF) which have supported 85 activities After 12 year the fruitful partnership with Finland for the provision and use of supplementary funds, concluded. With increasing geographic focus in sub-Saharan African countries (from FSF equally channeled across regional divisions and HQs related activities under the 2003-2006 Agreement, to 51% of the FSF provided under the 2009-2014 Agreement was channelled to support initiatives in the Africa region) and the overall partnership was focused on four specific thematic areas. Under this agreement, Finland provided a forward looking vision for promoting ecologically sustainable agriculture by supporting the establishment of the ASAP fund; helped pilot innovative and result-based approaches that improve food security, enhanced gender and indigenous people empowerment, and poverty reduction of small-scale farmers living in fragile states; and helped mainstream natural resource management and gender equality into IFAD's programme of work. 	6 Jun. 2009 31 Dec. 2014	2 066 725		2 066 725
Italy	• In 1994, Italy's MoFA, through its Directorate-General for Development Cooperation (DGCS), initiated an additional voluntary contribution to the Fund, making Italy one of the first countries to contribute to IFAD's supplementary funds. Since then Italy has contributed overall US\$51 million in supplementary funds. Focus of the partnership is to improve Market access, support capacity building, and enhance farmers associations in Italy development priority countries.	12 Nov. 2001 12 Nov. 2016	10 660 681		10 660 681
Ireland	Under the Partnership Agreement between the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Ireland and IFAD, Irish Aid funds have been used to support a number of projects in the East and Southern Africa region, all of which were completed and closed as of 31 August 2013. A new supplementary fund agreement was stipulated to enable the use of the unspent balance of US\$174,880 to support the "Food loss reduction through partnerships and evidence-based interventions" IFAD-FAO joint initiative (project). The joint project between IFAD and FAO aims at supporting the provision of technical support on food losses to both FAO's Agro-food Industries Group of the Rural Infrastructure and Agro-industries Division (AGS) and IFAD's Programme Management Department. It will be linked with field-based activities led by IFAD including: (i) national loss assessments in Timor-Leste, Ethiopia and Malawi; (ii) a regional workshop on food losses; and (iii) the development of awareness and knowledge materials in support of IFAD project design and implementation.	2 October 2001, amended on 17 September 2008, and expired on 31 December 2010. New Agreement signed in Dec. 2013 for the use of US\$174,880 remaining balance	7 500 546		7 500 546
Korea	To finance and co finance projects, programmes and other activities aimed at enhancing agricultural productivity, introduce innovations and improving agricultural markets in the Asia and Pacific Region	18 Oct. 2012 18 Oct. 2016	1 800 000	454 765	1 384 095
		Subtotal	22 027 952	454 765	21 612 047

Services and Agribusiness Development Project Denmark-Moldova 2	ingle-donor programmes	Date of Agreement	Total Contribution expected under Agreement	Received in 2014	Received under the agreement as at 31 December 2014				
Denmark-Moldova Cofinance to the Youth Entrepreneurship Final Services and Agribusiness Development Project Inclusive Rural Economic and Climate Resilien Moldova - DKK 30 350 000 (DKK/USD rate 5.5) Denmark-Armenia Cofinance to the Farmer Market Access Progration Denmark-Armenia 2 Cofinance Rural Assets Creation Programme (inclusive Nam) Pilot Project for Poverty Reduction in Gia Lai Filoty Niger Technical Assistance to the Italy-Niger "Project Nam) Retherlands Bangladesh Netherlands South Sudan New Zealand Cofinance to the Southern Sudan Livelihoods of Proyecto Paraguay Inclusivo Finland-Zambia Cofinance Smallholder Production Promotion Project Offinance Smallholder Production Pr	Project specific financing and cofinancing agreement								
Services and Agribusiness Development Project Denmark-Moldova 2 Inclusive Rural Economic and Climate Resilien Moldova - DKK 30 350 000 (DKK/USD rate 5.5) Denmark-Armenia Cofinance to the Farmer Market Access Progra Cofinance Rural Assets Creation Programme (Inclusive Name Pilot Project for Poverty Reduction in Gia Lai Pilot Project Project for Poverty Project for Project for Poverty Project for Project for Project for Poverty Project for Project for Project for Project for Project for Poverty Project for Project for Project for Project for Poverty Project for P	768000 (0.87)	22 Oct. 2014 31 Mar. 2019	11 387 291	4 816 054	4 816 054				
Denmark-Moldova 2 Moldova - DKK 30 350 000 (DKK/USD rate 5.5) Denmark-Armenia Cofinance to the Farmer Market Access Progra Denmark-Armenia 2 Cofinance Rural Assets Creation Programme (I Estonia Supplementary Funds Contribution to enhance Italy Pilot Project for Poverty Reduction in Gia Lai Fully Viet Nam Italy Niger Technical Assistance to the Italy-Niger "Project Italy Guinea Support to Processing and Commercialization Project Netherlands Bangladesh Cofinance to the Southern Sudan Livelihoods I New Zealand Cofinance to the Southern Sudan Livelihoods I New Zealand Cofinance To the Southern Sudan Livelihoods I Finland-Zambia Cofinance Smallholder Production Promotion Proyecto Paraguay Inclusivo Finland-Zambia Support of sustainable value chains in the rice Burkina Faso OFID-Somalia Co-fin grant for Food Security for Pastoralist For NWICOP II OFID-WCA Grant agreement for Energy Poverty - Sao Ton EU-Yemen Economic Dev Yemen - Economic Opportunity Programme EU-Yemen Rural growth Yemen: Rural Growth Programme in five Gove Support to Accelerate Progress towards MDG: Programme EU-Wozambique Support to Accelerate Progress towards MDG: Programme EU-Burundi Support to Accelerate Progress towards MDG: Programme EU-KCEP Kenya Cereal Enhancement Programme (KCEP EU-Uganda Uganda Small and Medium Agribusiness Devel EU-Tunisia Tunisia: Agropastoral Value Chains Project in Saudi Eurd for	ancing Sub-Component under the Rural Financial ect. DKK 26 299 816 + DKK 700 000=DKK 26 999 816	9 Dec. 2010 30 Jun. 2014	4 685 234		4 685 234				
Denmark-Armenia 2 Estonia Supplementary Funds Contribution to enhance Italy Viet Nam Italy Niger Technical Assistance to the Italy-Niger "Project Italy Guinea Netherlands Bangladesh Netherlands South Sudan New Zealand Finland-Zambia Support to Processing and Commercialization Project Cofinance to the Southern Sudan Livelihoods Proyecto Paraguay Inclusivo Finland-Zambia Cofinance Smallholder Production Promotion Project Paraguay Inclusivo Spain Brazil Germany-BF Support of sustainable value chains in the rice Burkina Faso OFID-Somalia OFID-WCA Grant agreement for Energy Poverty - Sao Ton EU-Yemen Economic Dev EU-Yemen Rural growth EU-Yemen Rural growth EU-Yemen Rural growth EU-Burundi Support to Accelerate Progress towards MDG: Programme EU-KCEP Kenya Cereal Enhancement Project in Eu-Inisia Funds: Agropastoral Value Chains Project in	nce Programme on the territory of the Republic of 53)	19 Dec 2013 30 Jun 2018	5 492 000	1 306 309	1 306 309				
Estonia Supplementary Funds Contribution to enhance Italy Viet Nam Italy Niger Technical Assistance to the Italy-Niger "Project Support to Processing and Commercialization Project Netherlands Bangladesh Netherlands South Sudan New Zealand Finland-Zambia Cofinance to the Southern Sudan Livelihoods i Proyecto Paraguay Inclusivo Finland-Zambia Cofinance Smallholder Production Promotion P Spain Brazil Germany-BF Support of sustainable value chains in the rice Burkina Faso OFID-Somalia OFID-WCA Grant agreement for Food Security for Pastoralist F NWICOP II OFID-WCA Grant agreement for Energy Poverty - Sao Ton EU-Yemen Fishery Yemen - Economic Opportunity Programme EU-Yemen Rural growth EU-Wemen: Rural Growth Programme in five Gove EU-Wozambique EU-Burundi Support to Accelerate Progress towards MDG : Programme EU-KCEP Kenya Cereal Enhancement Project in Saudi Fund for	amme - FREDA (DKK 10 000 000)	29 Dec. 2008 31 Dec. 2014	2 357 944	602 806	2 357 944				
Italy Viet Nam Italy Niger Technical Assistance to the Italy-Niger "Project Italy Guinea Support to Processing and Commercialization Project Netherlands Bangladesh Netherlands South Sudan New Zealand Cofinance to the Southern Sudan Livelihoods Proyecto Paraguay Inclusivo Finland-Zambia Cofinance Smallholder Production Promotion Project Paraguay Inclusivo Funland Project Pro	(RACP) in Armenia (DKK 24 685 000)	30 Nov 2011 30 June 2015	4 463 834		1 755 062				
Viet Nam Italy Niger Technical Assistance to the Italy-Niger "Project Support to Processing and Commercialization Project Netherlands Bangladesh Netherlands South Sudan New Zealand Cofinance to the Southern Sudan Livelihoods Proyecto Paraguay Inclusivo Finland-Zambia Cofinance Smallholder Production Promotion Project Paraguay Inclusivo Finland-Zambia Cofinance Smallholder Production Promotion Project Paraguay Inclusivo Finland-Zambia Germany-BF Support of sustainable value chains in the rice Burkina Faso OFID-Somalia OFID-WCA Grant agreement for Energy Poverty - Sao Ton Suy-Yemen Economic Dev EU-Yemen Fishery Yemen - Fisheries Investment Project EU-Yemen Rural growth EU-Wozambique EU-Mozambique EU-Burundi Support to Accelerate Progress towards MDG Programme EU-KCEP Kenya Cereal Enhancement Programme (KCEP) EU-Uganda Fundsia: Agropastoral Value Chains Project in Suy-Yemen For Project in Support for Project in	e IFAD's programme in Estonia	13 June 2014 NA	112 500	56 250	112 500				
Italy Niger Italy Guinea Support to Processing and Commercialization Project Netherlands Bangladesh Netherlands South Sudan Cofinance to the Southern Sudan Livelihoods of Proyecto Paraguay Inclusivo Finland-Zambia Cofinance Smallholder Production Promotion Project Paraguay Inclusivo Finland-Zambia Cofinance Smallholder Production Promotion Properto Paraguay Inclusivo Finland-Zambia Germany-BF Support of sustainable value chains in the rice Burkina Faso OFID-Somalia OFID-WCA Grant agreement for Energy Poverty - Sao Ton EU-Yemen Economic Dev Yemen - Fisheries Investment Project EU-Yemen Rural growth EU-Yemen Rural growth EU-Burundi Support to Accelerate Progress towards MDG of Programme EU-KCEP Kenya Cereal Enhancement Programme (KCEP) EU-Uganda Tunisia: Agropastoral Value Chains Project in	Province in the Socialist Republic of Viet Nam	16 Dec. 2008 16 Dec. 2013	1 400 600		1 400 600				
Netherlands Bangladesh Netherlands South Sudan New Zealand Finland-Zambia Spain Brazil Germany-BF OFID-Somalia OFID-WCA EU-Yemen Economic Dev EU-Yemen Rural growth EU-Yemen Rural growth EU-Burundi EU-Burundi Settlement Project Pharaguey Inclusivo Proyecto Paraguey Inclusivo Cofinance Smallholder Production Promotion Pro	ect of Rural Infrastructure and Market Access".	Dec. 2013 Dec. 2015	1 025 216	1 025 216	1 025 216				
Netherlands Bangladesh Netherlands South Sudan Cofinance to the Southern Sudan Livelihoods Cofinancing Agreement - Proyecto de Inclusión Proyecto Paraguay Inclusivo Finland-Zambia Cofinance Smallholder Production Promotion Properto de Spain Brazil Germany-BF Support of Sustainable value chains in the rice Burkina Faso OFID-Somalia OFID-WCA Grant agreement for Food Security for Pastoralist Finlands Grant agreement for Energy Poverty - Sao Ton EU-Yemen Economic Dev Yemen - Economic Opportunity Programme EU-Yemen Rural growth EU-Wemen Rural growth EU-Wozambique EU-Mozambique EU-Burundi Support to Accelerate Progress towards MDG : Programme EU-KCEP Kenya Cereal Enhancement Programme (KCEP) EU-Uganda Uganda Small and Medium Agribusiness Devel Funtisia Faudi Fund for	of Horticulture and Rice Products in Low Guinea	Dec. 2013 Dec. 2015	1 021 050	1 021 050	1 021 050				
Cofinancing Agreement - Proyecto de Inclusión Proyecto Paraguay Inclusivo Finland-Zambia Cofinance Smallholder Production Promotion P Spain Brazil • Gestión de Conocimiento en Zonas Semiári Germany-BF Support of sustainable value chains in the rice Burkina Faso OFID-Somalia OFID-Somalia OFID-WCA Grant agreement for Energy Poverty - Sao Ton Pullon Peroperation Peroperati	ase IV	Jul. 2010 30 Sept 2016	5 086 000	973 000	2 515 144				
Finland-Zambia Cofinance Smallholder Production Promotion P Spain Brazil • Gestión de Conocimiento en Zonas Semiári Germany-BF Support of sustainable value chains in the rice Burkina Faso OFID-Somalia OFID-WCA Grant agreement for Energy Poverty - Sao Ton EU-Yemen Economic Dev Yemen - Economic Opportunity Programme EU-Yemen Rural growth EU-Yemen Rural growth EU-Wozambique EU-Burundi Support to Accelerate Progress towards MDG : Programme EU-KCEP Kenya Cereal Enhancement Project in Saudi Eund for	Development Project	16 Jul. 2009 31 Dec. 2014	9 550 000	800 000	7 316 015				
Finland-Zambia Cofinance Smallholder Production Promotion P Spain Brazil • Gestión de Conocimiento en Zonas Semiári Germany-BF Support of sustainable value chains in the rice Burkina Faso OFID-Somalia Co-fin grant for Food Security for Pastoralist F NWICDP II OFID-WCA Grant agreement for Energy Poverty - Sao Ton EU-Yemen Economic Dev Yemen - Economic Opportunity Programme EU-Yemen Rural growth Yemen: Rural Growth Programme in five Gove EU-Mozambique Support to Accelerate Progress towards MDG: Programme EU-KCEP Kenya Cereal Enhancement Programme (KCEP EU-Uganda Uganda Small and Medium Agribusiness Devei	ón de la Agricultura Familiar en las Cadenas de Valor -	5 Nov. 2014 31 Mar. 2018	810 000	420 000	420 000				
Germany-BF Support of sustainable value chains in the rice Burkina Faso O-fin grant for Food Security for Pastoralist F NWICDP II OFID-WCA Grant agreement for Energy Poverty - Sao Ton EU-Yemen Economic Dev Yemen - Economic Opportunity Programme EU-Yemen Rural growth Yemen: Rural Growth Programme in five Gove Support to Accelerate Progress towards MDG: Programme EU-Burundi Support to Accelerate Progress towards MDG: EU-KCEP Kenya Cereal Enhancement Programme (KCEP EU-Uganda Uganda Small and Medium Agribusiness Deve EU-Tunisia Tunisia: Agropastoral Value Chains Project in	Programme-S3P (Eur 5.5 million)	13 Dec 2011 2015	6 875 000		1 500 000				
OFID-Somalia OFID-WCA OFID-WCA Grant agreement for Energy Poverty - Sao Ton EU-Yemen Economic Dev Yemen - Economic Opportunity Programme EU-Yemen Rural growth EU-Woord Support to Accelerate Progress towards MDG: Programme EU-Burundi Support to Accelerate Progress towards MDG: Programme EU-KCEP Kenya Cereal Enhancement Programme (KCEP EU-Uganda Uganda Small and Medium Agribusiness Deve EU-Tunisia Tunisia: Agropastoral Value Chains Project in	idas de Nordeste de Brasil Eur 3 500 000	17 Dec 2009 3 Jan 2014	5 053 475		5 053 475				
OFID-Somalia Co-fin grant for Food Security for Pastoralist F NWICDP II OFID-WCA Grant agreement for Energy Poverty - Sao Tor EU-Yemen Economic Dev Yemen - Economic Opportunity Programme EU-Yemen Fishery Yemen - Fisheries Investment Project EU-Yemen Rural growth Yemen: Rural Growth Programme in five Gove Support to Accelerate Progress towards MDG: Programme EU-Burundi Support to Accelerate Progress towards MDG: Programme EU-KCEP Kenya Cereal Enhancement Programme (KCEP EU-Uganda Uganda Small and Medium Agribusiness Devel EU-Tunisia Tunisia: Agropastoral Value Chains Project in	e sector, in particular of small-scale structures	13 Sept. 2013 Sept 2016	2 125 000	937 500	937 500				
EU-Yemen Economic Dev Yemen - Economic Opportunity Programme EU-Yemen Fishery Yemen - Fisheries Investment Project EU-Yemen Rural growth Yemen: Rural Growth Programme in five Gove Support to Accelerate Progress towards MDG: Programme EU-Burundi Support to Accelerate Progress towards MDG: EU-KCEP Kenya Cereal Enhancement Programme (KCEP EU-Uganda Uganda Small and Medium Agribusiness Deve EU-Tunisia Tunisia: Agropastoral Value Chains Project in	Programme to be implemented in conjunction with the	15 Feb. 2012 Feb. 2015	1 500 000	200 000	900 000				
EU-Yemen Fishery EU-Yemen Rural growth Yemen: Rural Growth Programme in five Gove Support to Accelerate Progress towards MDG: Programme EU-Burundi Support to Accelerate Progress towards MDG: Programme EU-KCEP Kenya Cereal Enhancement Programme (KCEP) EU-Uganda Uganda Small and Medium Agribusiness Devel EU-Tunisia Tunisia: Agropastoral Value Chains Project in	me and Principe and Ghana	1 Dec. 2012 1 Dec. 2014	760 000	40 000	648 000				
EU-Yemen Rural growth Yemen: Rural Growth Programme in five Gove Support to Accelerate Progress towards MDG: Programme Support to Accelerate Progress towards MDG: Programme Support to Accelerate Progress towards MDG: EU-KCEP Kenya Cereal Enhancement Programme (KCEP Uganda Uganda Small and Medium Agribusiness Devel Uganda Fund for		11 May 2011 11 May 2014	8 125 000		2 147 044				
EU-Mozambique Support to Accelerate Progress towards MDG : Programme EU-Burundi Support to Accelerate Progress towards MDG : EU-KCEP Kenya Cereal Enhancement Programme (KCEP EU-Uganda Uganda Small and Medium Agribusiness Devel EU-Tunisia Tunisia: Agropastoral Value Chains Project in		2 Jul. 2012 3 Dec.2015	6 250 000		1 160 000				
EU-Mozambique Programme EU-Burundi Support to Accelerate Progress towards MDG: EU-KCEP Kenya Cereal Enhancement Programme (KCEP EU-Uganda Uganda Small and Medium Agribusiness Devel EU-Tunisia Tunisia: Agropastoral Value Chains Project in	ernorates of the Republic of Yemen	22 Dec. 2014 22 Dec. 2018	17 750 000						
EU-Burundi Support to Accelerate Progress towards MDG : EU-KCEP Kenya Cereal Enhancement Programme (KCEP EU-Uganda Uganda Small and Medium Agribusiness Devel EU-Tunisia Tunisia: Agropastoral Value Chains Project in	1C in Mozambique - IFAD Components of the	24 Apr. 2013 24 Apr. 2018	32 500 000		6 862 500				
EU-Uganda Uganda Small and Medium Agribusiness Deve EU-Tunisia Tunisia: Agropastoral Value Chains Project in	1C in Burundi	31 May. 2013 31 Mar. 2017	23 125 000	10 537 368	16 236 293				
EU-Tunisia Tunisia: Agropastoral Value Chains Project in	P)	Dec. 2013 Dec. 2017	22 000 000		5 243 750				
Saudi Fund for	elopment Fund – A Public Private Partnership	30 Dec. 2024 30 Dec. 2024	17 875 000						
Saudi Fund for	the Governorate of Médenine	Dec. 2014 22 Oct. 2019	3 750 000						
Development (SDF) Pakistan Gwadar – Lasbella Livelihoods Project	ect	25 Jun. 2014 25 Jun. 2020	3 300 000						
		Subtotal Total portfolio	198 380 143 502 006 588	22 735 552 59 756 104	69 419 689 271 724 099				