

#### **Executive Board Consultation**

Capacity Development for Overcoming Hunger and Mitigating the Effects of Rural Poverty and Extreme Poverty – Paulo Freire II (PPF II) | Brazil





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# I. An Evolving Partnership Agenda with Ceará State

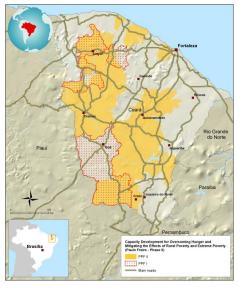
The partnership between IFAD, AECID, and the state of Ceará has shown remarkable success in reducing poverty and improving food security, due to:

- Strong, Proven Impact: PPF I achieved a 23% reduction in the Multidimensional Poverty Index (MPI) for its beneficiaries and a 60% increase in family production – a direct boost to food systems that depend on family farmers.
- Better Access to Support: 70% of beneficiaries accessed new public policies through technical assistance and investment plans – connecting families to essential resources for growth.
- ▼ Top Performer: Ranked among IFAD's top five projects globally during its final three years. PPF I set a high standard for impact and effectiveness in IFAD's portfolio.
- Articulated strategy in Ceará State: Three interlinked projects in Ceará State enabling knowledge transference, technical assistance and agroecology practices while amplifying impact.





#### II.1. Paulo Freire II at a Glance







































| Duration                 | 6 years   |
|--------------------------|---|
| Project Area             | Ceará   |
| Financing                | <ul> <li>Total cost: €139 million</li> <li>IFAD: € 8 million (BRAM)</li> <li>Spanish Gov (AECID): € 96 million</li> <li>State Government: € 25 million</li> <li>Beneficiaries: € 10 million<br/>(IFAD finances 6% of total cost)</li> </ul> |
| Co-financing ratio       | 1:16  |
| Implementing<br>Agencies | Secretariat for Agrarian Development (SDA), Government of Ceará   |
| Beneficiaries            | 80 000 households (320 000 people) 50% women, 15% youth, 5% traditional peoples and communities   |

### II.2. Objective and Components

**GOAL:** To reduce rural poverty, food insecurity and malnutrition in family farming.



**C1**. Rural development with environmental sustainability based on agroecology practices (61.2% of the total financing)



**C2**. Access to water, sanitation, and mechanisms for social cohesion in Ceará State (28.2%)



C3. Knowledge Management for Adaptation to Climate Change and Combat Desertification in the Semiarid (INOVACLIMA) (2.9%)



Project Management, M&E, KM and SSTC (7.8%)





# II.3. Scaling Up and Innovations

- First IFAD project in the LAC region100% Climate Financed
- Increased outreach: from 31 to 74 municipalities
- Market access & agroecological products such as public and private purchases agreements, agroecological networks and e-commerce, and fairs
- Strengthened KM, SSTC, and policy dialogue
- Virtual technical assistance using ICT4D to increase access to improved agricultural practices



Nutrition-Sensitive and Gender-Transformative Interventions to address barriers in health access and equality opportunities.

Sustainable water management for an enhanced semiarid coexistence



 Support for land and environmental regularization, especially for traditional communities



Climate and Environmental Education in rural schools, engaging young people in sustainable practices





## Thank you













